

Lighting Controls Technologies for Energy Reduction in Commercial Applications



Lighting Control Solutions

- Occupancy sensors
 - Wired Sensors
 - Wireless occupancy sensing solutions for retrofits
- Relay control panels
- Daylight harvesting systems
- Intelligent ballast and lighting control system
- Dimming















Why are lighting controls used?

Cost of Energy

- Energy costs have been steadily rising over the years and that trend is expected to continue
- Occupancy sensors and other lighting control technologies are the most cost effective methods of reducing energy used for lighting

Energy Codes

 Almost all state now have requirements for new construction to meet specific energy guidelines and occupancy sensors and lighting controls are part of the solution

LEED Program

- The US Green Building Council has set up standards for both new and retrofit building to meet environment goals.
- Reducing energy used for lighting in one of the criteria for LEED certification

Return on Investment

- Lighting amounts to approximately 50% of all electricity used in commercial structures such as offices, retail and medical facilities.
- Occupancy sensors and lighting controls can dramatically lower energy used for lighting
- Payback times can be reduced to as little as one year



Occupancy Sensor Savings by Use



Occupancy area	Energy savings
Private office	13-50%
Classroom	40-46%
Conference room	22-65%
Restrooms	30-90%
Corridors	30-80%
Storage areas	45-80%



Energy Management Occupancy Sensors

Infrared

Wall Switch Sensors

- Simple to install
- Cost effective method to add occupancy sensors
- PIR and Multi-Tech
- Single and Dual Relays



Infrared
Adaptive & Photocell



Infrared Dual Relay



Multi-Tech Single and Dual Relay



Energy Management Occupancy Sensors

Ceiling Mount & Wall Mount

- Allow for wider applications then wall switch sensor
- Can cover wider and larger spaces then wall switch sensor
- Sensor can "see" over barriers or partitions





Infrared



Ultrasonic





Multi-Tech



Wireless Lighting Controls



- Permits installation with no additional wiring
- Some products are self powered-no batteries needed.
- Optimum solution for retro-fit applications
- Saves labor and time on installations
 - Completed system costs are approximately 50% less than wired controls
 - Installation requires 75% less time to install
 - Does minimal disruption to work space during installation



Wireless Value Proposition

- It's all about...
 - The money (ROI)! (for each of us!)
 - Green Problem Solving!



Contractor Value

- Labor savings of up to 75% over hardwire
- Installs in ¼ of the time over other
- Utilizes existing wiring no additional or new required
- Quicker project time = More projects can get done daily!
- Self powered = no batteries = reduced callbacks/maintenance

End User Value

- Energy Savings Annually Energy Rebates
- Less impact to business during conversion
- No batteries required is maintenance free for reoccurring savings
- More lighting and HVAC control flexibility for additional savings
- Lowest phantom power consumption of any RF product





Relay Controls

Lighting controls for any size application

- Offices
- Warehouses
- Manufacturing
- Healthcare
- Educational
- Military Facilities





Relays control multiple loads automatically for:

- Energy Management
- Security
- Outdoor Lighting



Daylight Harvesting

- An innovative automated control strategy that maximizes the use of natural daylight and minimizes the use of electrical light in response to the variable availability of natural light in a space
- Also known as daylighting control or automatic daylight dimming or switching
- Taking advantage of natural lighting to control and lower energy costs







Benefits of Daylight Harvesting

Benefits:

- Improved environment/productivity
- Increased energy savings
- Code compliance

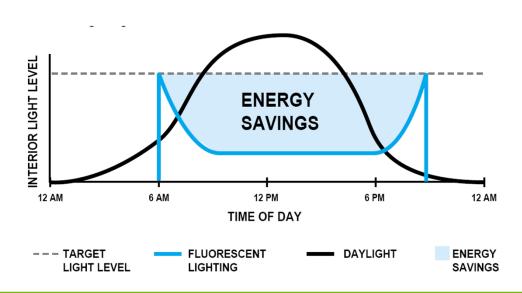




Benefits of Daylight Harvesting

35-60+% energy savings Lights turned down or off when not required:

- Saves electricity
- Reduces greenhouse gas emissions
- Saves money





Energy Management Daylight Harvesting System Components

Electric lighting systems

Lamps, ballasts, and fixture placement and spacing

Photosensors

 Ceiling-, wall-, or fixture-mounted device that automatically measures light level entering the space or at the task service, and signals the controller when a threshold is reached (light levels are increasing or decreasing)

Controllers

 A control unit, such as a dimmable ballast or low-voltage relay, that receives the photosensor signal as an input and issues a command to connected dimming or switching controls to adjust light output accordingly

Dimming or switching controls

 Devices that receive the command signal from the controller as an input and as an output adjusts the light output of the controlled electric lighting system by dimming or switching











